

FRIANYL® B3 V0 - PA6

Description

Polyamide 6 compound, unfilled, heat resistant, based on flame retardants halogen and red phosphourous free. UL listed V0@0,38mm Designed for any electrical application that require self-extinguishing properties, excellent surface quality and flexibility of use.

Density			
1.10	72.4	lb/ft ³	ISO 1183
Molding shrinkage, parallel (flow)	1.1 - 1.5	%	ISO 294-4, 2577
Molding shrinkage, transverse normal	1.1 - 1.5	%	ISO 294-4, 2577
Water absorption, 23°C-sat	7.7	%	Sim. to ISO 62
Humidity absorption, 23°C/50%RH	2.3	%	ISO 62
Mechanical properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Tensile modulus 5	543892/-	psi	ISO 527-1, -2
	10900/-	psi	ISO 527-1, -2
Tensile strain at break, 50mm/min	7/-	%	ISO 527-1, -2
	22.8/-	ft-lb/in ²	ISO 179/1eU
	1.43/-	ft-lb/in ²	ISO 179/1eA
	20300	psi	ISO 2039-1
	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Thermal properties			Test Standard
Melting temperature, 20 ° C/min	437	°F	ISO 11357-1/-3
DTUL at 1.8 MPa	158	°F	ISO 75-1, -2
DTUL at 0.45 MPa	356	°F	ISO 75-1, -2
FMVSS	SE	-	ISO 3795
			(FMVSS 302)
Flammability @3.2mm nom. thickn.	V-0	class	UL 94
Flammability @0.4mm nom. thickn.	V-0	class	UL 94
Glow wire flammability index, 0.4 mm	1760	°F	IEC 60695-2-12
Glow wire flammability index, 3.2 mm	1760	°F	IEC 60695-2-12
Ball pressure test	392	°F	IEC 60695-10-2
RTI - electrical @ 0.4mm nom. Thickn.	125	°C	UL 746B
RTI - electrical @ 0.8mm nom. Thickn.	125	°C	UL 746B
RTI - electrical @ 1.6mm nom. Thickn.	125	°C	UL 746B
RTI - electrical @ 3.2mm nom. Thickn.	125	°C	UL 746B
RTI - impact @ 0.4mm nom. Thickn.	90	°C	UL 746B
RTI - impact @ 0.8mm nom. Thickn.	90	°C	UL 746B
RTI - impact @ 1.6mm nom. Thickn.	95	°C	UL 746B
RTI - impact @ 3.2mm nom. Thickn.	95	°C	UL 746B
RTI - str @ 0.4mm nom. Thickn.	115	°C	UL 746B
RTI - str @ 0.8mm nom. Thickn.	115	°C	UL 746B
RTI - str @ 1.6mm nom. Thickn.	115	°C	UL 746B
RTI - str @ 3.2mm nom. Thickn.	115	°C	UL 746B
Electrical properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Comparative tracking index	PLC 1/-	-	UL 746
	Group I	-	IEC 60112
CTI 50 drops	600	V	IEC 60112
	PLC 4	class	UL 746A
,	PLC 3	class	UL 746A
<u> </u>	PLC 2	class	UL 746A
	PLC 0	class	UL 746A
0 1 0 0	PLC 0	class	UL 746A
	PLC 0	class	UL 746A

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VDA Properties	Value	Unit			
EM//CC	CE		ISO 2705		

(FMVSS 302)

Other text information

Injection Molding Preprocessing

PA materials, stocked in a moisture-proof packaging, can be processed without drying; however, it is always recommended drying the product that comes from a large package (e.g. Octabin). The moisture content suggested for the injection molding process should be lower than 0.15%, according to the grade and to the molded part characteristics. The materials containing flame retardants should have moisture content below 0.10%. Red phosphorous containing grades must always be dried below 0.08%. The drying time depends on the moisture content and the drying conditions. Typically, 4-8 hours at 80-90 °C using dehumidified air (dew point of -20 °C) are suitable conditions for a starting moisture content of 0.20%-0.40%.

Injection molding

The following conditions apply to a standard injection molding process. Machine temperatures: barrel 265-290 °C (PA66), 235-270 °C (PA6), nozzle and hot runners up to 300 °C (up to 290 °C products with flame retardants). Mold temperatures: 60-80 °C, (80-100 °C highly reinforced grades). Back pressure: typically, 5-10 bar (hydraulic pressure). Temperatures exceeding 300 °C and long residence time could lead to additives degradation and brittleness of the material. In case of gas generation in the melt, please verify moisture content and processing temperatures. Usage of regrind is possible depending on the molded part characteristics. For further details, please refer to the document 'Instructions for injection molding' or contact our technical support team.

Injection Molding Postprocessing

PA materials reach their final performance with a water content of about 1.5 to 3.5% by weight, depending on the type. This percentage corresponds to the point of equilibrium between the rates of absorption and desorption of moisture. After molding, in favorable environmental conditions, a part can quickly absorbs moisture up to 0.5-1.0%, while the equilibrium will be reached during its life. A conditioning treatment can accelerate further the initial water absorption of the molded parts. Conditioning is usually carried out in hot and humid environment (for example 50 °C, 100% RH), inside climatic chambers. Slight dimensional variations (increase in volume due to the water absorbed) must be considered, especially in unfilled grades. Post-treatments of parts may also include the annealing (60-80 °C in oven, up to four hours). This procedure can be useful to relax any internal stresses.

Characteristics

Special Characteristics Auto spec approved, Flame retardant, Heat resistant

Processing Injection molding

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